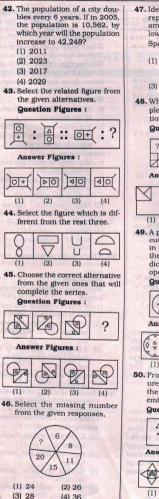
| | trosted at www.edura | ationobserver.com/forum |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| 26. If INTERNET is written as | 32. 15 11 20 | 39. Two statements are given fol- |
| 14325423 and DISTANCE is | o blatte a HERAGO | lowed by two conclusions I |
| written as 61738492, then | 5 6 7 | and II. You have to consider |
| what will CENTRE be written | | the statements to be true, even |
| as? | 35 39) 2 | if they seem to be at variance |
| (1) 124576 (2) 924352 | (1) 30 (2) 35 | from commonly known facts. |
| (3) 852431 (4) 291534 | (3) 27 (4) 24 | You have to decide which of |
| 27. If CIGARETTE is coded as | Directions (33-34) : In the | the given conclusions, if any, |
| GICERAETT, then DIREC- | following questions some equations | follow from the given state- |
| TION will be coded as | are solved on the basis of a certain | ments. Indicate your answer. |
| (1) RIDTCENOI | system. On the same basis, find out | Statements : |
| (2) NORTECDII | the correct answer for the unsolved | The state of the s |
| (3) RIDTCEION | equation. | 1. Teachers are role models |
| | 33. If $8 - 3 + 4 = 348$, | of the students. |
| (4) IRDCTIONE | 9-6+8=689, then $5-9+6$ | 2. Teachers are responsible |
| 28. Some capital letters are given | = ? | for developing scientific |
| below in the first line and | (1) 659 (2) 965 | attitude in their students. |
| numbers are assigned to each | (3) 596 (4) 956 | Conclusions: |
| of them in the second line. The numbers are the codes for | 34. If 882 = 20 | I. Students do not have sci- |
| the letters and vice-versa. | and 996 = 26, then | entific attitude. |
| | 729 = ? | II. By and large teachers can |
| MOEASJTZ | | influence scientific atti- |
| 3 5 7 6 2 9 4 0 | (1) 24 (2) 30 | tude of the students. |
| Choose the correct number | (3) 20 (4) 21 | (1) Only conclusion I follows |
| code for the given set of let- | 35. Select the correct combination | (2) Only conclusion II follows |
| ters. | of mathematical signs to re- | (3) Both conclusions I and II |
| JEZTMS | place '*' signs and to balance | follow |
| (1) 970435 | the given equation. | (4) Neither conclusion I nor II |
| (2) 9 7 0 3 4 5 | 8*6*7*3*18 | follows |
| (3) 9 7 0 5 3 4 | (1) + - + = (2) + + - = | 40. Which of the conclusions can |
| (4) 9 7 0 4 3 2 | (3) - + + = (4) + - + = | be drawn from the given state- |
| | 36. If '+' means '-', '-' means 'x', | ment: |
| 29. From the given alternatives select the word which can be | 'x' means '+' and '+' means '+', | Statement : |
| formed using the letters giv- | then | Many creative persons become |
| en in the word. | $20 \times 60 \div 40 - 20 + 10 = ?$ | artists. |
| PRONUNCIATION | (1) 0 (2) 40 | (1) A creative person will cer- |
| | (3) 60 (4) 80 | tainly become an artist. |
| (1) NATURAL | 37. Aman starts walking from his | (2) It is not possible to become |
| (2) PRINTING | college, walks 10 km towards | an artist. without creativi- |
| (3) PUNCTUATION | North, then he turns to his left | ty. |
| (4) RATION | and walks 10 km. From there | (3) A high level of creativity is |
| 30. From the given alternatives | he takes a right turn and | needed to become an art- |
| select the word which cannot | walks 10 km. In which direc- | |
| be formed using the letters of | tion is he facing now? | (4) Some artists are creative |
| the given word. | (1) South (2) North | persons. |
| APPEARANCE | (3) East (4) West | 41. Manisha is sitting in between |
| (1) PANE (2) NEAR | 38. Medha moves towards South- | Kamini and Suvarna. Smita is |
| (3) PEAS (4) REAP | East for 7 km, then moves to- | right to Suvarna. Kamini is left |
| Directions (31-32) : In the | wards West for 14 km. Then | to Manisha. Select the correct seating order. |
| following questions select the miss- | she moves towards North- | (1) Kamini, Suvarna, Smita, |
| ing number from the given respons- | West for 7 km and finally | Manisha |
| es. | moves a distance of 4 km East | (2) Manisha, Suvarna, Smita, |
| 31.3 15 5 | and stands there. How far is | (2) Manisha, Suvarna, Smita, Kamini |
| 5 35 7 | the starting point from where | (3) Kamini, Manisha, Smita, |
| 9 ? 5 | she stands now? | Suvarna |
| (1) 42 (2) 35 | (1) 3 km (2) 4 km | (4) Kamini, Manisha, Suvar- |
| (3) 47 (4) 25 | (3) 7 km (4) 10 km | na, Smita |
| | (a) AV stall | na, Sililla |



47. Identify the diagram that best represents the relationship among the classes given below: Sparrow, Bird, Cat

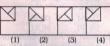


48. Which answer figure will complete the pattern in the question figure?

Question Figure :



Answer Figures:

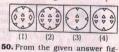


49. A piece of paper is folded and cut/punched as shown below in the question figures. From the given answer figures, indicate how it will appear when opened.

Question Figures :



Answer Figures :



ures, select the one in which the question figure is hidden/ embedded.

Question Figure :



Answer Figures :



ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions (51 - 55) : In the following questions, some parts of the sentences have errors and some are correct. Find out which part of a sentence has an error. The number of that part is your answer. If a sentence is free from error, then

- your anwer is (4) i.e. No error. 51. Eighty-five thousand rupees (1)/ is a large sum of money (2) / to earn in a month. (3) / No error (4)
- 52. His voice shook with emotion (1) / and it was so funny to hear him (2)/ that all we longed to laugh and to cry. (3)/ No error (4)
- 53. It being a rainy day (1) / I will decide to skip work (2)/ and stay at home, (3) / No error (4)
- 54. Another baffling change (1)/ that I noticed in him nowdays (2)/ is that he avoids speaking to me. (3) / No error (4)
- 55. I had asked him (1)/ how he could go out (2)/ if it started raining. (3)/ No error (4) Directions (56-60) : In the

following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

- 56. The Prime Minister insisted fuel prices in the Cabinet meeting.
 - (1) to raise (2) on raising
- (3) in raising (4) at raising 57. The of puppies is
 - fond of milk. (1) gang (2) litter
- (3) group (4) litre 58. He_ his father.
- (1) takes back (2) takes after
- (3) takes off (4) takes out
- 59. Guard spelling mistakes.
 - (1) against (2) after (3) above (4) at
- 60. Make hay while the sun (1) shines
 - (2) is shining

- Directions (80-84) : In the following questions, a sentence has been given in Direct /Indirect. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in Indirect /Direct. 80. He said, "He took tea in the
- morning". (1) He said that he did take in
 - the morning. (2) He said that he had taken
 - tea in the morning. (3) He said that he took in the
 - morning. (4) He said that he would take
- tea in the morning. 81. He requested the boss to let him go on with his project.
- (1) He said to the boss, "You better let me go on with my project".
 - (2) He told the boss, "Please go on with my project". (3) He said to the boss, "Let me
 - go on with my project please". (4) He told the boss, "Go on
- with my project please". 82. I told her, "It was raining last night when you left".
 - (1) I told her that it had been raining the previous night when she had left.
 - (2) I told her that it has raining last night when she left.
 - (3) I told her that it has been raining the night before
 - when she left. (4) I told her that it had been raining last nght when she
- had left. 83. He said, "I shall try to bring
- vor the books tomorrow". (1) She said that she should
 - try to bring me the books the next day.
 - (2) She said that she would try to bring me the books the next day.
 - (3) She said that she would try to bring me the books tomorrow.
 - (4) She said that she should try to bring me the books tomorrow.

84. He shosted at www.educationobserveercordforwar upon py is run over by the car". machines attentively. (1) He exclaimed, alas, the lit-(1) SPRQ (2) PQRS tle puppy was run over by (3) QSPR (4) RPQS

87.1. Books have been present since

vears ago.

the time the first scripts

were formed - about 5000

looked different from the

tion, letter press printing.

also known as 'black art'

the form of rollers, or texts

were stapled together and

covered with a wooden

small clay tablets together

need to write text by hand:

instead copies of text could

be made with the help of a

(2) PSRQ

(4) SRQP

P. The books of that time

Q. Then an important inven-

R. Later, the books came in

S. Initially, people bound the

6. There was no longer the

with leather bands

printing press.

88. 1. The harnessing of our riv-

Q. the waters of which

1. Many people drive

P. hopelessly jammed

P. is a great national problem

R. which must be considered

6. and dealt with on national

(2) QSPR

(4) RPSQ

(2) PRQS

(4) QSPR

S. now mostly run to waste

(1) PRQS

(3) SPRQ

lines.

(1) RPQS

(3) QSRP

ones available today.

changed the world.

book cover.

(2) He exclaimed sadly that the little puppy was run over by the car. (3) He exclaimed sadly that the little puppy had been run

the the car.

- over by the car. (4) He exclaimed sadly that the little puppy is run over by the car. Directions (85-90): In the fol-
- lowing questions, the 1st and the last sentences of the passage/parts of the sentence are numbered 1 and 6. The rest of the passage /sentence is split into four parts and named P. Q. R and S. These four parts are not given in their proper order. Read the passage/sentence and find out which of the four combinations is correct. Then find the correct an-85. 1. Sappho was one of the

women poets.

P. Whatever we know about her poetry today is from the quotations found in the works of others.

greatest and earliest of

- Q. She lived on the island of Lesbos in the late 600's BC.
- R. Most of Sappho's works about 10 books of verse have been destroyed.
- S. Only one of her poems has survived in its complete form.
- 6. Without doubt, she was one of the best lyric poets of
- Ancient Greece. (1) PRQS (2) PQSR (3) QSPR (4) QRSP
- 86. 1. Most men spend most of their lives looking after and waiting upon machines.
 - P. They must be fed well and kept at right temperatures.
 - Q. They might burst with rage
 - and blow up causing ruin.
 - R. If they do not get their meals they refuse to work. S. Machines are very stern

masters.

- P. security are rightful aims.
- Q. violent adventure is probably
- Q. their own cars to work R. the roads would become
 - S. but if everyone did this
 - 6. especially during rush-
 - hours.
 - (1) QSRP
 - (3) RPSQ

 - 1. I realize that peace and
 - R. and that my own desire for

S. merely an adaptation to the

6. age in which I live.

(1) PQRS (2) SRQP

(3) PROS (4) SPOR Directions (91-95) : In the fol-

lowing questions, in the following passage a some of the words have been left out. Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer to each question out of the four alternatives and fill in the blanks.

Meeting old school friends can be a strange experience. Some have changed so much that you can 91 recognize them: they speak with a different 92, are interested in different things, and all you can do is make 93 talk and hope they'll go soon. Others, though you might have been out of 94 with them for years, are just the same as they always were; it's 95 if you saw them vesterday.

- 91. (1) nearly (2) almost (3) hardly (4) easily
- 92. (1) language (2) accent
- (3) way (4) tongue 93. (1) small (2) little
- (3) silly (4) gossip
- 94. (1) sight (2) touch
- (4) feel (3) sound 95. (1) just (2) like
 - (3) so (4) as

Directions (96-100) : In the following questions, you have a brief passage with 5 questions following the passage. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

Earth is the only planet so far known with the suitable environment for sustaining life. Land, water, air, plants and animals are the major components of the global environment. Population, food and energy are the three fundamental problems facing mankind. Unemployment, inflation, crowding, dwindling resources and pollution are all due to the factors like increasing population, high standard of living, deforestation, etc.

Man has been tampering with the Ecosphere for a very long time

and is forested recognize that unat vironmental resources are scarce. Environmental problems are really social problems. They begin with people as cause and end with people as victims. Unplanned use of resources has resulted in the depletion of fossils, fuels, pollution of air and water, deforestation which has resulted in ecological imbalance and draining away of national wealth through heavy expenditure on oil and power generation. 96. Increasing population causes

- (1) unemployment and crowding
 - (2) inflation and pollution
 - (3) dwindling resources (4) unemployment, inflation. crowding, dwindling re-
- sources and pollution 97. National wealth is drained away by spending heavily on
 - (1) power generation (2) fuels
 - (3) water and power genera-
 - (4) oil and power generation
- 98. The three major components of the global environment are
 - (1) food, energy and popula-
 - (2) high standard of living, crowding and inflation
 - (3) land, water and air (4) plants, animals and man-
 - kind
- 99. Depletion of fossils and fuels. pollution of air and water and deforestation will never occur in case of
 - (1) improper use of resources
 - (2) planned use of resources (3) unplanned use of resources
 - (4) over use of resources
- 100. We face the three fundamen
 - tal problems that are (1) inflation, deforestation and unemployment
 - (2) population, deforestation and energy
 - (3) population, inflation and food
 - (4) population, food and ener-

QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE

101. When n is divided by 6, the remainder is 4. When 2n is divided by 6, the remainder is

(2) 0

(3) 4 (4) 1 102. The value of

(1) 2

- $\frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{42} + \frac{1}{56} + \frac{1}{72} + \frac{1}{90}$ is
- (1) $\frac{1}{10}$ (2) $\frac{3}{5}$
- (3) $\frac{3}{20}$ (4) $\frac{7}{20}$ 103. Let

$$a = \frac{1}{2 - \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{3 - \sqrt{8}} + \frac{1}{4 - \sqrt{15}}$$
Then we have

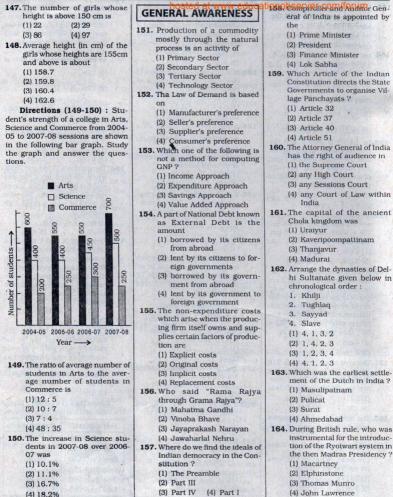
- (1) a < 18 but $a \neq 9$
- (2) a > 18
- (3) a = 18
- (4) a = 9
- 104. The smallest among the numbers
 - 2250, 3150, 5100 and 4200 (1) 4200 (2) 5100
- (3) 3150 (4) 2250 105. The greatest of the following
 - numbers
 - $0.16, \sqrt{0.16}, (0.16)^2, 0.04$ is
 - (1) 0.16 $(2) \sqrt{0.16}$ (3) 0.04 (4) (0.16)2
- 106.If $\begin{vmatrix} 4 \frac{5}{1 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{3$

part of a journey takes 10 minutes, then to complete $\frac{3}{5}$ th of that journey, it will

- take
- (1) 40 minutes (2) 45 minutes
- (3) 48 minutes (4) 36 minutes

| 107. If a number is increased by | family posted at in any estuci | ationobservan com/fortem they |
|--|--|--|
| 25% and the resulting num- | is 40 years and the son's age | meet ? |
| ber is decreased by 25%. then | is 80% less than his-mother's | (1) 6 (2) 9 |
| the percentage increase or de- | age, then the age of the teach- | (3) 12 (4) 15 |
| crease finally is | er's wife is | 120. Three men can complete a |
| (1) no change | (1) 57.5 years(2) 50 years | piece of work in 6 days. Two |
| 《 | (3) 47.5 years(4) 55.5 years | days after they started the |
| (2) decreased by $6\frac{1}{4}\%$ | The second second continues to the second | work, 3 more men joined them. |
| 4 | 114. If the amount is $3\frac{3}{8}$ times the | How many days will they take |
| | | to complete the remaining |
| (3) increased by $6\frac{1}{4}\%$ | sum after 3 years at compound | work? |
| | interest compounded annual- | (1) 1 days (2) 2 days |
| (4) increased by 6% | ly, then the rate of interest per | (3) 3 days (4) 4 days |
| 108. A reduction of 20% in the price | annum is | AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY |
| of rice enables a customer to | (1) 25% (2) 50% | 121. If $x + \frac{1}{x+1} = 1$, then |
| purchase 12.5 kg more for ₹ | 2 1 | x+1, then |
| 800. The original price of rice | (3) $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ (4) $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ | the state of the same of the s |
| per kg is | | $(x+1)^5 + \frac{1}{(x+1)^5}$ equals |
| (1) ₹ 14 (2) ₹16 | 115.A shopkeeper sells an article | $(x+1)^{5} + (x+1)^{5}$ equals |
| (3) ₹ 12 (4) ₹ 15 | at 15% gain. Had he sold it for | (1) 1 (2) 2 |
| 109. In two alloys A and B, the ratio | ₹18 more, he would have | (3) 4 (4) 8 |
| of zinc to tin is 5:2 and 3:4 | gained 18%. The cost price (in | (3)4 (4)8 |
| respectively. Seven kg of the | ₹) of the article is | 1 1 1 |
| alloy A and 21 kg of the alloy | (1) 540 (2) 318 | 122. If $\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{a - b}$, then the val- |
| B are mixed together to form | (3) 600 (4) 350 | ue of $a^3 + b^3$ is |
| a new alloy. What will be the | 116. A cloth merchant on selling 33 | (1) 0 (2) -1 |
| ratio of zinc and tin in the new | metres of cloth obtains a prof- | (3) 1 (4) 2 |
| alloy? | it equal to the selling price of | 123. If $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = ab + bc + ca$. |
| (1) 2 : 1 (2) 1 : 2 | 11 metres of cloth. The profit | 123.11 $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = ab + bc + ca$, |
| (3) 2 : 3 (4) 1 : 1 | and is an arrange school and the | then, $\frac{a+c}{b}$ is equal to |
| 110. If $A: B = 3: 4$ and $B: C = 6: 5$, | (1) 40% (2) 22% | then, b is equal to |
| then C: A is | (3) 50% (4) 11% | (1) 1 (2) 2 |
| (1) 10:9 (2) 9:10 | 117. A single discount equivalent to | (3) 3 (4) 4 |
| (3) 8 : 9 (4) 9 : 8 | successive discounts of 20%, | |
| 111. If a, b are rationals and | 10% and 5% is | 124. If the graphs of the equations |
| $a\sqrt{2} + b\sqrt{3}$ | (1) 35% (2) 35.6% | x + y = 0 and $5y + 7x = 24intersect at (m, n), then the$ |
| 442 + 543 | (3) 31.6% (4) 36.1% | value of $m + n$ is |
| $=\sqrt{98} + \sqrt{108} - \sqrt{48} - \sqrt{72}$ | 118. A, B and C started a business | |
| then the values of a, b are re- | with their investments in the | $ \begin{array}{cccc} (1) 2 & (2) 1 \\ (3) 0 & (4) -1 \end{array} $ |
| spectively | ratio 1:2:4. After 6 months | |
| (1) 1, 2 (2) 1, 3 | A increased his capital by 50% | 125. If $x = 5 - \sqrt{21}$, then the value |
| (3) 2, 1 (4) 2, 3 | and B invested twice the | |
| 112. The ratio of boys and girls in a | amount as before, while C | of $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{32-2x-\sqrt{21}}}$ is |
| college is 5 : 3. If 50 boys leave | The state of the s | of $\sqrt{32-2x}-\sqrt{21}$ is |
| the college and 50 girls join the | withdrew $\frac{1}{4}$ of his own invest- | |
| college, the ratio becomes | ment. The ratio of their profits | $(1) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{7})$ |
| 9: 7. The number of boys in | at the end of the year was | $(1) \sqrt{2} (\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{7})$ |
| the college is | | title 900 gets 1009 brokenses |
| (1) 300 (2) 400 | (1) 10:5:9 (2) 5:12:14 | 1 (5 5) |
| (3) 500 (4) 600 | (3) 6:9:17 (4) 5:14:16 | (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{3})$ |
| | 119. Two trains 180 metres and | Antonia a constituti programata |
| 113. The average age of a class of | 120 metres in length are run- | 1 (5 5) |
| 35 students is 15 years. If the teacher's age is also included | ning towards each other on | (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{3})$ |
| the average age increases by | parallel tracks, one at the rate | and the state of t |
| one year. Furthermore, if the | 65 km/hour and another at 55 | 1 (7 (5) |
| average age of the teacher's | km/hour. In how many sec- | $(4) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (7 - \sqrt{3})$ |
| and age of the teachers | onds will they be clear of each | The Party of the Art was to see the set of |

| 126. In ΔABC, the internal bisec- | 133. A hostad atherewreduca | tionopservertower/29rumes high. |
|--|---|--|
| tors of ∠ABC and ∠ACB meet | | the angles of depression of two |
| at I and \(\alpha BAC = 50^\circ\). The mea- | recast into small cones each | |
| sure of ∠BIC is | of radius 3.5 cm and height 3 | tal line through the base of the |
| (1) 105° (2) 115° | cm. The number of cones thus | tower, are 45° and 30° and |
| (3) 125° (4) 130° | formed is | they are on the same side of |
| 127.BL and CM are medians of | (1) 140 (2) 132 | the tower. The distance (in |
| AABC right-angled at A and | (3) 112 (4) 126 | metres) between the objects is |
| The state of the s | 134. If the ratio of the diameters of | (1) 125 √3 |
| BC = 5 cm. If BL = $\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{2}$ cm, | two right circular cones of | (1) 125 \(\sqrt{3} \) |
| BC = 3 cm; ii BL = 2 | equal height be 3:4, then the | (2) $125(\sqrt{3}-1)$ |
| then the length of CM is | ratio of their volumes will be | |
| | (1) 3:4 (2) 9:16 | (3) $125/(\sqrt{3}-1)$ |
| (1) $2\sqrt{5}$ cm (2) $5\sqrt{2}$ cm | (3) 16:9 (4) 27:64 | $(4)\ 125(\sqrt{3}+1)$ |
| (3) 10√2 cm (4) 4√5 cm | 135. A right pyramid stands on a | |
| | square base of diagonal 10√2 | 143. If $a + b + c = 0$, then $a^3 + b^3 +$ |
| 128.In ΔABC D and E are the points of sides AB and BC re- | cm. If the height of the pyra- | c ³ is equal to |
| spectively such that DE AC | mid is 12 cm, the area (in cm ²) | (1) $a + b + c$ (2) abc |
| and AD : DB = 3 : 2. The ratio | of its slant surface is | (3) 2 abc (4) 3 abc |
| of area of trapezium ACED to | (1) 520 (2) 420 | 144. Two numbers 11284 and 7655, |
| that of \triangle BED is | (3) 360 (4) 260 | when divided by a certain |
| (1) 4: 15 (2) 15: 4 | 136. If each interior angle of a reg- | number of three digits, leaves the same remainder. The sum |
| (3) 4:21 (4) 21:4 | ular polygon is 150°, the num- | of digits of such a three-digit |
| 129. A quadrilateral ABCD circum- | ber of sides of the polygon is | number is |
| scribes a circle and AB = 6 cm. | (1)8 | (1) 8 (2) 9 |
| CD = 5 cm and AD = 7 cm. | (2) 10 | THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T |
| The length of side BC is | (3) 15 | |
| (1) 4 cm (2) 5 cm | (4) None of these | 145. Two pipes X and Y can fill a cistern in 24 minutes and 32 |
| (3) 3 cm (4) 6 cm | 137. If the altitude of a right prism | minutes respectively. If both |
| 130. P and Q are centres of two cir- | is 10 cm and its base is an | the pipes are opened together. |
| cles with radii 9 cm and 2 cm | equilateral triangle of side 12 | then after how much time (in |
| respectively, where PQ = 17 | cm, then its total surface area | minutes) should Y be closed |
| cm. R is the centre of another | (in cm ²) is | so that the tank is full in 18 |
| circle of radius x cm, which | $(1)(5+3\sqrt{3})(2)36\sqrt{3}$ | minutes? |
| touches each of the above two | | (1) 10 (2) 8 |
| circles externally. If ∠PRQ = | (3) 360 (4) $72(5+\sqrt{3})$ | (3) 6 (4) 5 |
| 90°, then the value of x is | 138. The value of tan 10° tan 15° | 146. The length and breadth of a |
| (1) 4 cm (2) 6 cm | tan 75° tan 80° is | rectangular field are in the |
| (3) 7 cm (4) 8 cm | (1) 0 (2) 1 | ratio 7: 4. A path 4 m wide |
| 131. The area of a rhombus is 216 | (2)-1 (4) 2 | running all round outside has |
| cm and the length of its one | 139. The minimum value of 4 tan ² 0 | an area of 416 m ² . The |
| diagonal is 24 cm. The perim- | + 9 cot ² 0 is equal to | breadth (in m) of the field is |
| eter (in cm) of the rhombus is | (1) 0 (2) 5 | (1) 28 (2) 14 |
| (1) 52 (2) 60 | (3) 12 (4) 13 | (3) 15 (4) 16 |
| (3) 120 (4) 100 | 140. If $\sin 7x = \cos 11x$, then the | Directions (147-148) : Study |
| 132. The perimeter of an isosceles | value of $\tan 9x + \cot 9x$ is (1) 1 (2) 2 | the table and answer the questions. |
| triangle is 544 cm and each | | Height (in cm) Number of girls |
| A committee of the committee of 5 | (3) 3 (4) 4 141. If $\tan^2 \alpha = 1 + 2 \tan^2 \beta$ (α , β are | |
| of the equal sides is $\frac{5}{6}$ times | positive acute angles), then | |
| the base. What is the area | | less than 145 |
| (in cm ²) of the triangle? | $\sqrt{2}\cos\alpha - \cos\beta$ is equal to | less than 150 29 |
| (1) 38172 (2) 18372 | (1) 0 (2) √2 | less than 155 40 |
| (3) 31872 (4) 13872 | | less than 160 46 |
| | (3) 1 (4) -1 | less than 165 51 |
| | | 3.3.1 |



| 165. Who amongst the following | 175. chostodatewww.egug | ationobserver com/forum will be |
|--|---|--|
| was not associated with the | totrophic thallophytes is | s measured as |
| Unification of Italy ? | called as | The state of the s |
| (1) Cavour (2) Garibaldi | (1) Algae | (1) m $\left(1-\frac{a}{q}\right)$ |
| (3) Mussolini (4) Mazzini | (2) Lichens | (1) III (g) |
| 166. The Greater Himalayas is oth- | (3) Fungi | Source surport to obstude the contract of |
| erwise called as | (4) Bryophytes | (2) m $\left(1+\frac{a}{q}\right)$ |
| (1) Himadri | 176. Match correctly the insect | |
| (2) Sahyadri | vectors in List I with the dis- | |
| (3) Assam Himalayas | eases transmitted by them | (4) zero |
| (4) Siwaliks | given in List II: | 181. A computer programming |
| 167. The cup-shaped mouth of the volcano is | List I | language often used by chil- |
| | a. Anopheles (female) | dren is |
| (1) Focus (2) Epicentre | b. Culex | (1) LOGO (2) PILOT |
| (3) Crater (4) Cinder cone | c. Sand fly | (3) BASIC (4) JAVA |
| 168. The cool temperate grass- lands of South America are | d. Tse-tse fly | 182. A portable, personal comput- |
| known as | List II | er small enough to fit on your |
| (1) Pampas (2) Prairies | 1. Kala-azar | lap is called a |
| (3) Veld (4) Savannah | 2. Sleeping sickness | (1) Note-book computer |
| 169. Which of the biomes is called | 3. Filariasis | (2) PDA |
| the "Bread Basket" of the | 4. Malaria | (3) Mainframe computer |
| world? | (1) a-1, b-4, c-2, d-3 | (4) Workstation |
| (1) Mid-latitude grasslands | (2) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3 | 183. Assembler is a program that |
| (2) Taiga | (3) a-3, b-2, c-1, d-4 | translates the program from |
| (3) Mediterranean | (4) a-4, b-3, c-1. d-2 | (1) high-level to assembly |
| (4) Tropical Savannah | 177. A white and smooth surface | (2) assembly to machine |
| 170. Asia and North America are | is | (3) machine to low-level |
| separated by | (1) good absorber and good | (4) low-level to high-level |
| (1) Bass Strait | reflector of heat | 184. 'Table sugar' is which type of sugar? |
| (2) Strait of Dover | (2) bad absorber and good reflector of heat | (1) Fructose (2) Galactose |
| (3) Bering Strait | | (3) Glucose (4) Sucrose |
| (4) Cook Strait | (3) good absorber and bad reflector of heat | 185. An alloy used in making heat- |
| 171. Phototropic movement is con- | (4) bad absorber and bad re- | ing elements for electric heat- |
| trolled by | flector of heat | ing device is |
| (1) Auxin | 178. When a body is immersed in | (1) Solder (2) Alloy Steel |
| (2) Gibberellin | a liquid, the force acting on it | (3) Nichrome |
| (3) Cytokinin | is | (4) German Silver |
| (4) Ethylene | (1) Upthrust | 186. The degree of dissociation of |
| 172. Lactogenic hormone is secret- | (2) Weight | an electrolyte depends on |
| ed by | (3) Mass | (1) dilution |
| (1) Mammary glands | (4) Both (1) and (2) | (2) impurities |
| (2) Placenta | 179. When two semiconductors of | (3) atmospheric pressure |
| (3) Ovary (4) Pituitary | p- and n-type are brought in | (4) method of dissolution |
| 173. An organism which can mon- | contact, they form p-n junc- | 187. Chlorophyll contains |
| itor air pollution is | tion which acts like a/an | (1) Iron |
| (1) Bacteria (2) Lichen | (1) Conductor | (2) Magnesium |
| (3) Algae (4) Fungi | (2) Oscillator | (3) Cobalt (4) Zinc |
| 174. In the human body, which of | (3) Rectifier | 188. The gas causing acid rain in |
| the following organs is re- | (4) Amplifier | an industrial area is |
| sponsible for water balance? | 180. The mass of a body measured | (1) Carbon dioxide |
| (1) Heart (2) Liver | by a physical balance in a lift | (2) Carbon monoxide |
| (3) Kidneys (4) Lungs | at rest is found to be m. If the | (3) Sulphur dioxide |
| | lift is going up with an accel- | (4) Methane |

| (000000 | hosted at | www.ed | ucationobserver.com/forum |
|--------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| 189. | The famous three P's of envi- | | (1) World Environment Day |
| | ronmental awareness are | | (2) International Women's |
| | (1) People, Poverty, Politics | | Day |
| | (2) Power, Production, Pollu- | | (3) International Friendship |
| | tion | | Day |
| | (3) Population, Politics, Price | | (4) World Habitat Day |
| | (4) Population, Poverty, Pollu- | 107 | Which one of the following |
| | tion | 101. | novels was a source of inspi- |
| 100 | | | ration for the freedom fight- |
| 190. | The stagnant water at the bot- | | ers in India ? |
| | tom of a lake is called | | (1) Pariksha Guru |
| a cartie | (1) Epilimnion | | |
| The state of | (2) Mesolimnion | | (2) Anandmath |
| | (3) Metalimnion | | (3) Rangbhoomi |
| 70.650 | (4) Hypolimnion | | (4) Padmarag |
| 191. | Shri Jyotiraditya Madhavarao | 198. | Which prestigious award was |
| | Scindia is the Minister of State | | given in 2013 to Aparajita |
| | with independent charge of the | | Datta for her outstanding con- |
| | Ministry of | | tribution for the conservation |
| Carlotte. | (1) Tourism | | of hornbills? |
| | (2) Chemicals and Fertilizers | 4 100 | (1) Magsaysay Award |
| | (3) Power | | (2) Right Livelihood Award |
| 44.6 | | | (3) Whitley Award |
| | (4) Information and Broad- | | (4) Rajiv Gandhi Ecology Award |
| AND SECTION | casting | | |
| 192 | .Who won the Wimbledon | 199. | Which presently serving State |
| | Men's Singles in 2013? | | Chief Minister has been in of- |
| | (1) Andy Murray | | fice continuously for the long- est period? |
| | (2) Novak Djokovic | 1000 | |
| | (3) Juan Martin Del Potro | Lake E | (1) Sheila Dikshit |
| 8045H | (4) Fernando Verdasco | 15000 | (2) Narendra Modi |
| 193 | . Who won the Silver Medal for | 30 | (3) Bhupinder Singh Hooda |
| | the Women's 400 metre race | CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE | (4) Manik Sarkar |
| 81.0 | in the Asian Athletic Cham- | 200. | Which one of the following |
| | pionships 2013 ? | ASE | monuments is the first inhab- |
| The | (1) Zhao Yanmin | and the | ited World Heritage Monu- |
| | (2) M.R. Poovamma | | ment? |
| Temp | (3) Tintu Luka | 7 | (1) Agra Fort |
| | (4) Mayookha Johny | 100 000 | (2) Red Fort |
| 194 | . Where is Taksim Square, | - 10 mg | (3) Jaisalmer Fort |
| 10 48 | which witnessed in 2013 pro- | 100 | (4) Amber Fort |
| - Ven | longed massive protests | | |
| | against the redevelopment of | | |
| | Gezi Park? | | |
| | (1) Ankona (2) Cairo | | |
| | (3) Istanbul (4) Teheran | | |
| 105 | Among the following political | | |
| 100 | leaders of South India, who | | |
| | | | |
| | has not acted in any film? | | |
| | (1) C.N. Annadurai | | |
| 100 | (2) Jayalalitha | | |
| | (3) N.T. Rama Rao | | |
| | (4) M.G. Ramachandran | | |
| 196. | Which one of the following | | |
| 10 M | days is "not observed on a | | |
| A. S | fixed date every year ? | | |
| | | | |